Food security issues within the context of the Comprehensive African Agricultural Development Programme (CAADP)

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University of Pretoria, South Africa
Sydney, 8 July 2013
Africa members of AAUN

- Ibadan (A)
- Ghana (N&F)
- Malawi (A)
- Mauritius (A)
- Nairobi (A)
- Pretoria (A & V)
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<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>240 million people in Africa are undernourished (consume &lt; 2100 kcal/day)</td>
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<td>5 million children die of malnutrition every year - one every 6 seconds</td>
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<td>Malnutrition is the leading cause of death (35% of child deaths per year) and disability</td>
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<td>Over 50 million African children suffer from chronic malnutrition</td>
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<td>Over 40% of pregnant women are malnourished</td>
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<td>60% of children &lt;5yrs are undernourished</td>
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<td>50% of maternal mortality is due to malnutrition</td>
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<td>African diets are inadequate in terms of vitamins and minerals</td>
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<td>The Impact</td>
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<td>😞 Hunger =&gt; 6 – 10% GDP loss in low labour productivity (2.7 – 4.2% due to iron-deficient anaemia alone)</td>
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<td>😞 Malnourishment can lead to loss of 10% earning potential =&gt; 3% annual GDP loss</td>
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<td>😞 Birth defects, maternal deaths, childhood mortality, blindness, anaemia, susceptibility to disease</td>
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<td>😞 Lower IQ, academic performance and productivity</td>
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<td>😞 A vicious cycle of deprivation</td>
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The African Development Context

...A **framework** to stimulate & guide alignment and strengthening of Africa’s capacity to sustain high agriculture performance ...

Arises from the Maputo Declaration of 2003
CAADP Goals

- Food security and improved nutrition
- Increased income and reduced poverty
- Sustainable socio-economic growth

10% Public Expenditure allocation to Agriculture

6% Annual Agriculture Productivity growth rate (by 2015)
CAADP Uniqueness

Aim for: policy and investments focussed on inclusive value chains and designed to be pro-poor

Resilient

Input providers

Producers

Marketers

Processors

Distributors

Pro-poor growth

Sustainable food security
40+ Countries actively engaging

Legend
- Compact signed
- Investment Plan Reviewed
- Business Meetings held

31 Country Compacts
24 Investment Plans
20 country Business meetings held

Includes all AAUN Africa Counties!
CAADP Pillar Frameworks

Pillar 1
SLWM
Sustainable Land and Water Management

Pillar 2
FIMA
Framework for Improvement of Rural Infrastructure and Trade-related Capacities for Market Access

Pillar 3
FAFS
Framework for African Food Security

Pillar 4
FAAP
Framework for African Agricultural Productivity
CAADP Pillar 3: Framework for African Food Security

Aim:
To increase resilience at all levels by decreasing food insecurity and linking vulnerable people into opportunities for agricultural growth
## Pillar 3: Food Security

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Food Security Challenges</th>
<th>Food Security Solutions</th>
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<tr>
<td>Inadequate food crisis management at all levels</td>
<td>Reduced risk and improved resilience</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inadequate food supply and marketing systems</td>
<td>Increased supply of affordable food</td>
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<td>Lack of income opportunities</td>
<td>Increased incomes for the poor</td>
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<td>Hunger, malnutrition and poor diet quality</td>
<td>Improved dietary diversity</td>
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Key focus of Pillar 3: Food security and nutrition

- Improve risk management and reduce vulnerability
- Increase food supply through improved production and market linkages
- Increase economic opportunities for the poor
- Improve nutrition and the quality of diets through diversification of food
We look forward to partnering to solve Africa’s pressing issues.